

The Weather.
Forecast for Tuesday and Wednesday:
Kentucky—Generally fair Tuesday and Wednesday.
Tennessee—Generally fair Tuesday and Wednesday.
Indiana—Fair Tuesday; Wednesday partly cloudy; moderate south winds becoming variable.

THE LATEST.

The sixth International Trades Union Congress opened in Paris yesterday. There was a lively debate the status of the American Federation of Labor. Samuel W. Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, declared that the union for the moment was unopposed. The unionist tendencies of Europe and America are temperamentally different and he said he had some doubt as to whether a union is possible.

Edward H. Harriman gave out signed statement yesterday in which he said that several specialists, after a thorough examination, had declared that he was not in a serious condition, and that with rest and quiet he would soon be restored to health. His action steadied the stock market and put an end to the many rumors afloat.

William S. Taylor returned to Indianapolis yesterday. He had made two trips through Kentucky, he said, but on neither of them had he stopped longer than necessary to change trains at Louisville. He went to Arkansas to attend to some legal business. He said he might return to Kentucky for a short time in October.

"Aviation week" at Rheims, France, came to its official close yesterday with a gala breakfast given by the committee of organization in honor of the aviators. There were over 500 guests present and intense enthusiasm in the matter of the wonderful success of the work was manifested on every hand.

Two series of conferences last week designed to compromise the wage dispute between the street car companies of Chicago and their men apparently came to naught yesterday. The men refused to accept the compromise scale proposed by the city and fell back upon their original demands.

The Clark-Scott Company, independent tobacco manufacturers, of Scranton, Pa., filed suit in the Federal Court at Covington against the Burley Tobacco Society, Clarence LeBus, the president, and ten other men as defendants. The plaintiffs demand \$130,000 damages.

Among a number of appointments announced by the President at Beverly, Mass., yesterday was that of Henry Hoyt as counselor of the State Department. The post was recently created and Mr. Hoyt will have special charge of the negotiation of foreign treaties.

The airship Zepplin III, was disabled while returning from Berlin to Friedrichshafen and landed at Buehl. The forward propeller was broken, tearing two large holes in the envelope and one of the forward compartments. Two days will be required for repairs.

Mrs. James Barclay, of Buffalo, N. Y., and J. N. Gentry, the detective, who are charged with the kidnapping of Marian Bleakley, the incubator baby, reached Topeka, Kan., and their examining trial was fixed for September 4.

The Joyette, an American boat, won the first of the series of the German-American races, Sonderklasse yachts, at Marblehead, Mass., with the Ellen second, Wolf third, Marguerite fourth, Hevils fifth and Seehund II. sixth.

Orville Wright tested his German-built aeroplane yesterday at Berlin. No public announcement was made, as Mr. Wright desired to see how the machine worked before giving his public exhibition next Thursday.

The latest estimate of the loss of life caused by the Monterey flood is 2,000. It is said that many villages below Monterey were wiped out. A dispatch from Mexico City estimates the property loss at \$20,000,000.

The report of the National Ginners' Association, made public yesterday, gives the condition of cotton up to and including August 24 as 64.1 per cent. This is the lowest condition in a number of years.

An earthquake was experienced in Panama shortly after 8 o'clock yesterday morning. The people were greatly alarmed, but no serious damage has been reported and to one was injured.

There have been three deaths from cholera in Rotterdam during the past twenty-four hours. Two of the dead are women who were removed from an infected lighter in the harbor.

Mrs. Kate Barrio died of pellagra at Atlanta, Ga. Her physician said she did not contract the disease from eating mouldy corn.

Gov. Wilson has issued a proclamation naming September 8 as Labor Day, on which he says no one shall be compelled to work.

The First Regiment returned from Camp Bell last night.

GOMPERS MEETS COLD RECEPTION

International Labor Congress Scorns Offer.

American Unions Denounced by Delegates.

Stormy Discussion of Proposed Affiliation.

VIGOROUS REPLY TO ATTACK.

Paris, Aug. 30.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, was the dramatic center of the first day's session of the sixth International Trades Union Congress, when several European delegates bitterly denounced what they said was the equivocal attitude of the American Federation with reference to joining the international movement.

Mr. Gompers needed all his old-time energy to repel the attack. He insisted that the problems and policies of American trades unionism were so intermingled with American traditions and ideas that Americans could ill spare the time to encounter the influence of European leaders whose trades unionism tendencies were temperamentally different.

Proposes World-Wide Organization.

Nevertheless, as an evidence that the United States was anxious for international unionism, Mr. Gompers introduced a proposal for forming a world-wide organization, which would "defend the rights and interests of all and create international fraternity and solidarity."

The clash came over the question of the exact status of Mr. Gompers and the American Federation of Labor in the conference. Several delegates, who had been the aspiration of the American workers to come into closer contact with the labor movement in Europe, said, as they were profoundly attached to the cause of solidarity of labor, one obstacle in the way of affiliation, he said, was the feeling that antagonism existed in Europe toward American trades unionism. Moreover, it was feared that the American workers might be compelled to subordinate their policies to those of the European delegates, who were known to have little or nothing about American industrial conditions and problems.

No Authority to Make Promises.

"Personally," he continued, "I have no authority to pledge the affiliation of the American Federation of Labor, but I believe it will come in time." Mr. Gompers' statement was received coldly. Several delegates jumped to their feet. Hueber, an Austrian delegate, vehemently characterized Mr. Gompers' explanation as mockery. He like the others had been under the impression that the Americans meant business and that Mr. Gompers was the spokesman of the American Federation of Labor. He said pointedly, "but we do not need them. Your policies may not permit you to join with the European workers, you will realize that your policies are erroneous and you will see the necessity of joining the international confederation."

Gompers Replies.

Mr. Gompers, stinging under the rebuff, but undisturbed in his reply, "I regret," he exclaimed, "that you have misconstrued my remarks as an attack upon European trades unionism. I repeat that the American Federation of Labor is not a party to the destruction of international federation, but only so far as it preserves the American concept of the human race is struggling for its betterment. I do not want to see it unfortunate. Nevertheless, we will continue to do everything possible to attain the goal for which the human race is struggling—international fraternity and unity."

Hueber arose and retorted that it was a declaration of war. He said that he was talking about joining the international confederation and it was about time a decision was reached. Mr. Gompers merely on a voyage of discovery.

End Put To Controversy.

M. Legien, the international secretary, ended the controversy with the statement that the official was convinced that the moment had arrived for the American Federation of Labor to join forces with their European brethren.

The regular business of the conference was then resumed and resolutions were adopted in sympathy with the strikers in Sweden and Barcelona and for an appeal to the unionists of the world to strive for the abolition of war.

Eighteen countries are now represented in the congress, and the secretary announced a membership in affiliated organization of 4,246,000.

"This is an increase over 1908," the secretary said, "and it demonstrates that in spite of losses in the membership of some countries due to industrial troubles, trades unionism is advancing steadily."

Mr. Gompers explained that he had been invited to the congress personally and not as an official delegate, as the American Federation of Labor was not affiliated with the European unions, though this was a possibility of the future.

"My resolution shows," Mr. Gompers said, "that I am in favor of an international organization, but we insist on the independence of each country. American trades unionism is an outgrowth of American conditions and conceptions. America is in allegiance with the international movement only so far as it is consistent with the ideas and ideals of the American unionists."

Mr. How, who was admitted to the conference unofficially as the representative of the national committee of the unemployed in America, went further than Mr. Gompers. He said emphatically that the American Federation of Labor should at all times be regulated so as to meet the local demand.

"We are struggling to find work for the unemployed," Mr. How continued,

"but the task is most difficult, when thousands of foreign workmen arrive in our large cities almost with the expectancy of finding food on the streets."

Newspaper Comment.

The newspapers devote much space to the International Congress and the significance of the presence of Mr. Gompers. The Journal Des Debats points out that the American Federation of Labor and the French General Federation of Labor, which did not join in the last two conferences, represent opposing conceptions of trades unionism.

MARRY AFTER DOUBLE SUICIDE PLAN FAILS.

New York, Aug. 30.—Frank Williamson and Florence L. Wood, of Brooklyn, were married to-day in a Brooklyn hospital, where they are recovering from bullet wounds inflicted in a suicide pact last Wednesday night. Their nearly successful attempt at death brought the young couple to the consent of the girl's parents to their marriage. Both Mr. and Mrs. Williamson are now in one eye as a result of the shooting.

TAYLOR WAS IN LOUISVILLE TWICE

CHANGED CARS HERE COMING AND GOING.

PASSED THROUGH STATE ON TRIP TO ARKANSAS.

ONLY VISIT MADE BY HIM.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 30.—(Special.)—William S. Taylor, formerly of Kentucky, was laughing to-day about disbelievers in Kentucky to the effect that he was visiting that State for the first time since he had left it to make his home in Indiana and that he was contemplating a visit to his old home county, Butler.

"The fact is that I have not been visiting in Kentucky at all," said Mr. Taylor. "On August 21 I left Indianapolis for Helena, Ark., and I went through Kentucky to get there. However, it was not until I reached Louisville that I stopped in Louisville long enough to change cars. I don't remember the exact date, but I know I was there, and I never gave out any interviews while passing through the State. I suppose the way the report got out was that Taylor, Kentucky was through an Indianapolis man, whom I met on the train going to Louisville. He was recently in Indianapolis, I came through Kentucky, but again I tarried only long enough to change cars at Louisville. I arrived in Louisville on August 22 and left immediately for the northern part of Indiana while in the northern part of Indiana that I read dispatches that I was visiting my home county, Kentucky."

Mr. Taylor said he was surprised to see a man at Anderson, who he said was from Lexington, asked if Mr. Taylor was going to Lexington, where a big reception was being given to him. Mr. Taylor said he had been to Indianapolis nine years ago when he fled from Kentucky after he had been charged with complicity in the killing of Gov. Goebel. He was recently pardoned by Gov. Wilson of Kentucky.

KENTUCKY COAL OPERATIONS IN '08

REPORT OF DECREASE IN PRODUCTION AND DECLINE IN PRICE PER TON.

Washington, Aug. 30.—Kentucky coal mining operations for 1908 were attended by both a decrease in production and a decline in the price per ton, according to the United States Geological Survey. The State's total production of coal was 10,245,000 short tons, with a spot value of \$19,217,162. There was a falling off of 506,571 short tons, a decrease in value of \$1,087,576 and a decline in average price of \$1.06 to \$1.01.

The State's coal mines gave employment to 15,985 men in 1908, but, according to official figures, the number of working days was reduced from 210 in 1907 to 186 in 1908. It is pointed out as an interesting factor in this connection that more than two-thirds of the coal mining operations were conducted in the western part of the State, and in consequence the eight-hour day is not so generally observed as in other coal mining States.

The steady improvement in the productive capacity per employee for each day has been due in a large degree, it is declared, to the fact that the coal mining industry has been struggling for international fraternity and unity.

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FRANKLY TELLS HIS CONDITION

Harriman Gives Signed Statement To Press.

Specialists Find Him In Need of Rest.

Nothing Serious the Matter, Say the Doctors.

ASKS TO BE LET ALONE.

Arden, Aug. 30.—Edward H. Harriman, urged by weary representatives of the press, who have camped about his mountain home since Wednesday last, came out to-day with a statement that he was all right.

Though brief, the statement is straightforward and explicit, with perhaps a touch of patient resentment at the surveillance to which he has been subjected and a request that reporters withdraw, not so much for his sake, but for his friends, who have been intercepted daily coming to and from his residence by anxious interviewers eager for the latest bit of information. It concludes thus frankly:

"If there should be anything serious, I will let the press know, and as I have never deceived them, I ask that the press now withdraw its representatives and rely on me."

Reporters Withdraw.

The message was so characteristic of Mr. Harriman's affable attitude to newspaper representatives, an attitude which was marked when he underwent the strain of a lengthy interview on the day of his return, that most of the men who have been here during the week of his illness returned to New York to-night, relying on his word.

The general opinion is that Mr. Harriman would have broken his silence long ere now had he realized how his continued silence and that of his family had become a source of anxiety and a source of a long and sensational rumor.

Send Note To Harriman.

"Owing to the sensational stories from irresponsible sources, we ask that you issue an authoritative statement in regard to your physical condition. Nothing but that can refute these alarmist reports."

"One story says that an operation was performed on you on Friday and that to-day is the first day you have been outside since Friday."

Mr. Harriman evidently decided to act soon after the receipt of the letter, and he sent a note to the reporter, Mr. Ford, of the Arden house, stating that he had been in the hospital since Friday.

Thanks the Newspaper Men.

"Gentlemen: Thanks for your letter of to-day. The statement below was made by me very carefully by me published. You see it covers the whole subject."

Believe me yours sincerely,

"In the statement Mr. Harriman admitted that there was a consultation between specialists at his home, but that the specialists had found nothing serious the matter with him. He did not mention the possibility of an operation."

Market Settles.

With the reassuring news of to-day the New York stock market settled itself and advanced very generally. The effect on the Harriman stocks was, of course, most apparent, but there was a buoyant tendency everywhere manifested. Resolved to keep the statement with gratification, for many of them, despite private information of a reassuring nature, feared that their present neighbor was in a critical condition.

The Statement.

Mr. Harriman's statement follows: "I am pursuing the course laid out before I went abroad and advised by the physicians. I intended taking a rest as soon as my responsibilities would permit. My treatment abroad reduced my strength and vitality and weakened my digestion."

"The most expert physicians in Munich advised me to have an examination by surgeons as a matter of precaution. This has been done very carefully by Drs. Brewer and Lyle, in conjunction with Dr. Walter James and Dr. Lyle, and the whole result is that they find nothing serious the matter with me. I have previously obtained that I should have rest and not see many people at any time. I am now in a position to do this. This covers the whole case, and later on, if the representatives of the press desire, and there is any purpose to be accomplished, I will see them up here, but now I ask that the surveillance of the operations of my home be withdrawn, and that I be left alone by my family or myself, but that the coming and going of any friends may not be interfered with by their body and he dropped to the ground dead."

INSURANCE OFFICER SUED ON SLANDER CHARGE.

EVANSVILLE, IND., AUG. 30.—(Special.)

Acting Superintendent Curtis Wilkins of the local office of the Prudential Insurance Company, was to-day sued for \$10,000 for alleged slander by Stephen Dyer, father of Miss May Dyer.

MURDEROUS MAD MAN FIRST KILLED DOG.

Evansville, Ind., Aug. 30.—(Special.)—It is learned to-night that James Garrett, of this city, who last night tried to kill his wife and son at Indianapolis and then committed suicide, planned everything before he left here.

DEATH ROLL OF TWO THOUSAND

ECLIPSE OF MARS BY THE MOON TO-MORROW NIGHT.

Latest Estimate of Monterey Flood Victims.

Villages To South Reported Wiped Out.

Property Loss Said To Be \$30,000,000.

CARE TAKEN OF THE POOR.

Little Villages Wiped Out.

City Authorities Confirm Estimate.

Without Food for Days.

Eight Hundred Bodies Buried.

At 4 o'clock 400 bodies had been recovered and were buried on the hillside south of San Luisito, thus, with the same number buried yesterday, making in all 800 bodies that have been recovered in Monterey alone.

The Railroad Damage is Estimated at \$1,000,000.

While conditions are gradually being brought back to normal as fast as willing workers can bear out results, it will be many days before recovery will resume its wonted tranquillity.

Vain Search for the Missing.

The various organized relief corps are busily engaged, each looking after its especially appointed tasks. Committees and subcommittees are engaged in seeing to the various details of rescue and relief work. Commissioners are in charge of the mournful task of endeavoring to secure identification of the dead bodies as they are brought in by searchers, while other committees are charged with the onerous duty of seeing to the sheltering and feeding of the thousands of uncomplaining homeless, who wander distracted about the scene of the flood, hoping against hope that they may be able to encounter missing loved ones or at least recover their bodies and give them a Christian burial.

Food For All.

Too much cannot be said in commendation of the authorities for the prompt steps they have taken to overcome the chaotic conditions that existed for fully two days after the crest of the flood had been reached and after so great a number of lives had been drowned out by the raging waters. Prompt measures taken to house and feed the homeless have proved effective, and very few, if any, have been permitted to go away hungry. Soup kitchens have been established at four different places throughout the city, where a substantial soup, as well as coffee and bread, is doled out to the needy.

Rich Forced Out.

While the poor are the greater sufferers, the flooded district principally having been located on the flats along the east side of the banks of the Santa Catarina River, they are not alone in their losses, for the rich as well were more or less inconvenienced and were compelled to leave their residences, especially in the district along the slope which extends down to the river from the neighborhood of the Zarazosa plaza and along in a line from the north to south direction. They did not suffer the loss of furniture, as did the poorer element, but the fact that

NEGROES KILL DEPUTY SHERIFF.

JACKSON, ALA., AUG. 30.—Deputy Sheriff J. L. Wainwright was shot and instantly killed to-day while attempting to arrest Louis and Joshua Balam, negroes, for assault with intent to murder. Morris Kimball, who was with Wainwright, was slightly wounded. A reward has been offered for the capture of the negroes.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., AUG. 30.—(Special.)

Bishop Osborne of the Episcopal Church officiated this afternoon at the funeral of Mrs. Alice Mather Wilson, wife of the late Senator Charles D. Wilson, who died at her home in Springfield, Ill., on August 25, 1909. Mrs. Wilson was born in Louisville, Ky., March 25, 1845, and was the daughter of Capt. and Mrs. James Mather. She was married there in Christ church, July 2, 1862.

DAUGHTER OF CAPT. AND MRS. JAMES MATHER, OF LOUISVILLE, LAID TO REST.

FUNERAL SERVICES FOR MRS. WILSON.

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W. L. DOUGLAS
\$3.00 \$3.50 & \$4.00 SHOES

W. L. Douglas is the largest manufacturer and retailer of Men's Fine Hand-Sewed Process Shoes in the world. For comfort, style, fit and long service, W. L. Douglas shoes cannot be equalled. They are made of the best leather, by the most skilled workmen, in all the latest fashions, shoes in every style and shape to suit every man in all walks of life.

CAUTION! The genuine W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom, which guarantees full value and protects the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes. TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

Wherever you live, W. L. Douglas shoes are within your reach. If your dealer cannot fit you, write for Mail Order Catalog. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

BOYS SHOES
\$2.00 & \$2.50

338 WEST MARKET STREET, LOUISVILLE, KY.

CENSUS EXPERTS

Men of Information Will Direct the Work.

SPECIALISTS EMPLOYED BY THE DIRECTOR.

RANCHMAN TO ADVISE ON LIVESTOCK INTERESTS.

FAST WORK ON BIG TASK.

Washington, Aug. 30.—(Special).—The formulation of the census schedule upon which the enumerators will enter the information they secure next April, is one of the most important subjects now before Census Director Durand and Assistant Director Willoughby.

The census law authorizes the director to determine the form and subdivision of the inquiries necessary to obtain the information ordered by Congress.

To assist in this work Director Durand has engaged the co-operation of a score or more of experts in statistics, economics, agriculture and manufactures. They have been appointed expert special agents to serve for a short time while the work of formulating the plans is under way and are now assembled in Washington. The agricultural, manufacturing and population schedules are the principal ones under current discussion.

In the formulation of the agriculture schedule, four of these experts are acting as conferees: J. L. Coulter, H. C. Taylor, G. P. Warren, Jr., and Thomas M. Carver.

Those at work on the manufactures schedule are Surgeon Bell, Arthur J. Boynton, C. W. Doten, E. D. Howard, Emil F. Secker, W. M. Parsons, Horace Secrist, A. H. Willett and Alvin S. Johnson.

On the schedule of population, W. B. Barlow, J. C. Hunt and dependent classes subject, E. B. Miller, an expert in social statistics, is engaged.

Practical Men.

Other special agents appointed because of their fitness along these lines pursued by the Census Bureau have been added in the regular office staff by Director Durand. Alexander Bowie, ranchman and cattleman and sheep raiser at Wheatland, Laramie county, Wyo., has been placed in the division of Agriculture under Chief Statistician LeGrand Powers. The subject of animals on ranches has been assigned to Mr. Bowie. William E. Hotchkiss, of Evanston, Cook county, Ill., has been assigned to the population division under Chief Statistician W. C. Hunt.

The division of manufactures under Chief Statistician William M. Stewart the director has placed Otis B. Goodall, formerly private secretary to the Assistant Secretary of Commerce and Labor, Isaac A. Hourwich, of New York City, an expert on municipal and governmental subjects, has been made a special agent and assigned to the subject of mines and mining. Max O. Lorenz has been appointed to a special agency on the subject of the furniture industry. Alfred H. Marsh has been made a special agent in charge of naval stores. Daniel C. Roper is another special agent assigned to the cotton spinning inquiry. Charles E. Stranahan, a professor of political economy in the State College at Pullman, Wash., has been given a special agency and is looking into mines and mining. Charles H. Stevenson, formerly of the Bureau of Fisheries, has been appointed a special agent and represents the Census Bureau in its joint work with the Bureau of Fisheries. George R. Wicker, formerly of the government service, has been made a special agent to investigate electric railway reports.

Kentucky Postmasters.

Kentucky postmasters have been appointed as follows: Big Bone, Boone county, Haynes N. Miller, vice M. M. Miller, resigned; Caldwell county, Florence G. Lindsay, vice J. B. Lester, removed; Folsomdale, Graves county, Louis H. Miller, vice J. B. Lester, resigned; Morning Glory, Nicholas county, George W. Taylor, vice V. R. Roess, resigned.

Patents have been issued as follows: G. W. Dunn, Newport, decorating; J. T. Hall, Hopkinsville, a machine for making ice cream; J. B. Lester, removed; Folsomdale, Graves county, Louis H. Miller, vice J. B. Lester, resigned; Morning Glory, Nicholas county, George W. Taylor, vice V. R. Roess, resigned.

A large party of Kentuckians, mostly from Woodford and Fayette counties, arrived this evening from New York. They have been for some days at Atlantic City. It is the annual interesting trip that is arranged by Daniel M. Bowman, editor of the Woodford

S.S.S. THE CURE FOR SCROFULA

The usual symptoms of Scrofula are enlarged glands of the neck, sores and ulcers on the body, skin affections, catarrhal troubles through eyes, and general poor health. The intake of poison, transmitted through the blood, pollutes and weakens the system, and in place of its nutritive qualities fills the circulation with scrofulous matter, which saps the vitality of the entire system. Thousands of children, born with a scrofulous taint, have spent their childhood in constant physical suffering, and grown to manhood or womanhood handicapped by ill health and stunted growth, and perhaps have some disease of the bones or joints developed. S.S.S., given in their early life, would have prevented this. It would have cleansed and purified the blood of the taint, nourished and strengthened their systems, and assisted each to grow into strong, healthy manhood or womanhood. S.S.S. is the very best remedy for Scrofula. It goes to the bottom of the trouble, and cleanses the circulation of all down to the minutest particle of the scrofulous matter. It supplies the weak, diseased blood with strength and health-building qualities, and under the purifying effects of this great remedy all symptoms of Scrofula pass away. S.S.S. contains no minerals, in any form, and is an absolutely safe treatment for children, even infants, and persons of any age.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

TOBACCO SUIT

Proceedings Instituted Under Anti-Trust Law.

PAPERS FILED AGAINST THE BURLEY SOCIETY.

PLAINTIFFS ASK FOR DAMAGE OF \$130,520.

OVERCHARGES ARE ALLEGED.

Covington, Ky., Aug. 30.—(Special).—The alleged operations of many organized tobacco men of Kentucky in their campaign against fellow-growers will be fully aired, it is said, when the case of the Clark-Steele Company against the Burley Tobacco Society comes up for trial.

The papers in the case were filed today in the United States Court at Covington. The defendants' names are: Stanley Prewitt, Clarence LeBue, George W. McMillan, Rhodes R. Thomas, Claude S. Williams, Charles G. Patrick, John E. Brown, Gus A. Brooks, Joseph C. Hughes, Nicholas J. Stroube and the Burley Society. The plaintiff company says that it was damaged to the extent of \$130,520.

A third will was that of William Forrester, who directs that all his property shall go to his wife Mrs. Fannie H. Forrester, whom he names executor without bond. This will is dated January 8, 1904.

Sewer Commission Plaintiff in Suits.

Five suits by which the Sewer Commission seeks to condemn rights of way through property for the construction of the northeastern trunk and middle fork sewers were filed yesterday in the Circuit Clerk's office. In the first three instances the defendants are J. K. Venable, Sarah C. Young and Sue Mary Beck and others interested in the properties which lie along Letterie avenue near Jane street. In the second group the defendants are Paul D. Lorenz and Magdalena Huck and others, the properties lying along Long and Raymond avenues and at Sturges and Quarry streets.

John Sharp Had Her Property.

Suit against Wallace B. Weller and the United States Trust Company was filed yesterday by M. P. Jones, who demands possession of a certificate of 100 shares of United States Steel common, fifty shares of United States Steel preferred, a pair of diamond earrings and, in addition, damages in the sum of \$1,000. These things, the plaintiff says, came into the possession of the defendants as the executors of the will of John M. Sharp.

CRIES FOR HOUSEBOAT.

Recovered Child Doesn't Like Living In Big House.

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WIDOW WILL PROSECUTE.

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FOUND DEAD ON RURAL ROUTE.

Bullet Hole In the Head of Vassie Nabb.

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Republican Ticket For Trigg.

Cadiz, Ky., Aug. 30.—(Special).—The Republicans of Trigg county made the following nominations for county officers and a photograph of the candidates. County Clerk, J. D. (Pat) Woodruff; Circuit Clerk, W. R. Smith; Sheriff, John Hoggard; Assessor, Taylor Crass; Auditor, W. H. Timmons; Coroner, Paul Tooke. Timmons is the present Democratic feller of this county, and was a candidate for re-nomination before the Democratic primary last December, but was defeated by Rasmus Marlow by a majority of 250.

Fortune Divided Between Daughters.

Henderson, Ky., Aug. 30.—(Special).—The will of John H. Barrett, capitalist and merchant, was probated today. It disposes of an estate valued at about \$800,000. There are only two daughters, Mrs. J. B. Hodge and Mrs. Joseph Moore, and Mrs. Augusta Barrett, daughters. They are each given about \$400,000 cash and the balance of the estate is placed in trust. The Old Valley Bank and Trust Company qualified as executor by executing a bond in the sum of \$1,000,000.

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Spencer Farm Sold.

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LAST WISHES OF THREE

ADMITTED TO RECORD RUBY WELLS MAKES NUMEROUS SMALL REQUESTS.

CITY FILES SUITS TO CONDEMN PROPERTY.

IN THE COURTS YESTERDAY.

Some itemizing was done by Ruby Wells when she wrote her will on the 9th of this month. The document was admitted to probate yesterday in the County Court by Judge Arthur Peter. Mrs. Mamie Lewis, with whom the testator made her home, is named executrix of the will without bond, and is beneficiary of the residue portion of the estate. The single bequests follow:

To her sister, Vertamae Sheats, \$1, her clothing and one set of dishes. To another sister, Mrs. Mattie Jane Sheats, \$1 and her trunk. To her brother, Cornelius Sheats, \$1 and her watch. To another brother, Emory Sheats, \$1.

To her physician, Dr. C. J. Johnson, \$25, due him, however, for services. The will of William Richel, dated July 24, 1908, also was probated. In it he named George J. Langolf, Sr., as executor, directing that the property shall be divided equally among the five children, William, Emile, Joseph, Emma and Maggie Richel.

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Believing that the people of Kentucky Will be interested in the organization of the

Citizens National Life Insurance Company

Believing that they WANT such a company; believing that they will SUPPORT such a company by subscribing for its stock—we will publish in this paper every Tuesday the amount of subscriptions to date. The work of getting subscriptions was started Monday, July 26, and below is the amount of subscriptions for the

FIRST WEEK, AUGUST 2,

•10696000

TOTAL SECOND WEEK, AUGUST 9,

•200,240.00

TOTAL THIRD WEEK, AUGUST 16,

•345,000.00

TOTAL FOURTH WEEK, AUGUST 23,

•469,460.00

TOTAL FIFTH WEEK, AUGUST 30,

\$601,700.00

IF YOU ARE INTERESTED FILL OUT AND MAIL THIS COUPON.

W. H. GREGORY,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Please send me full information as to the CITIZENS NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

NAME

ADDRESS

EDUCATIONAL

Young Men Prepared for Technical School

A number of young men from various reasons drop out of school before completing a high school even a grammar school course. By giving any amount of INDIVIDUAL ATTENTION needed, University School, Garvin Place, Louisville, Ky., can prepare such men, in from ONE TO THREE YEARS, to enter any school of engineering, Rose, Purdue, Armour Institute (Chicago), Rensselaer (Troy, N. Y.), and Cornell receive our graduates without examination.

William H. Tharp, Principal.

EDUCATIONAL

"PATHFINDER" COMES AFTER BIG JOURNEY

MACHINE HAS BEEN LOCATING KENTUCKY GLIDDEN ROUTE.

GREAT PILES AND BOULEVARDS ARE REPORTED.

TO ANNOUNCE ROUTE SOON.

After a three-day ramble over boulevards, piles, plain roads, "hog-backs" and stony highways in the Bluegrass and Beargrass regions of Kentucky the "pathfinder" car returned to Louisville last night at 9:15 o'clock, showing no signs of wear and tear. The 467-mile journey. The machine and its occupants spent the better part of three days in making the trip from Louisville to Georgetown, Frankfort and Shelbyville, and back to Louisville. The machine is a 1909 Buick, and is being used by the Louisville Automobile Club to locate the best route for the new highway from Louisville to Lexington.

Run On Bank Follows.

Union City, Tenn., Aug. 30.—Because of the failure of the Hardy Grain Company, of this city, a run was started on the Union City Bank and Trust Company when that institution opened its doors today. The First and Third National Banks of this city went to the rescue of the trust company, along with private citizens, and all depositors were paid on presenting their claims.

LOYALISTS WILL FIGHT CHURCH TRANSFER.

Evansville, Ind., Aug. 30.—(Special).—Attorneys for the Loyalists to-day said they would fight the transfer of the Chestnut-street Presbyterian church to the local Shriner and other Masonic organizations. The church was formerly the property of the Cumberland Presbyterians, and was taken over by the Presbyterians and recently abandoned.

Negro Driven Into Swamp.

Albany, S. C., Aug. 30.—A posse this afternoon chased into a swamp near a prominent citizen of the White Pond community. The negro was frightened from the house by the screams of the young woman. At a late hour to-night reports were to the effect that the negro had not been captured.

Ward Seminary Nashville, Tenn.

46th year. Seminary and Special Courses. Conservatory of Music—Emil Winkler, Director. Campobello, Voice: Fritz Schmitt, Violin. 178 Boarding Pupils. Complete appointments. Beautiful campus for outdoor sports. For catalogue address A. D. BLANTON, Nashville, Tenn.

EDUCATIONAL

Kentucky Home School for Girls

1220 FOURTH AVENUE

Will open Wednesday, September 22. 30th Annual Session. For catalogue address Z. CALHOUN, Principal. Tel. 8. 11

JEFFERSON SCHOOL OF LAW

Shackelford Miller, Dean. Session 1909-10 Opens October 1. Full Course Leading to Degree LL.B. Conducted at Night. For catalogue address ST. MARY'S COLLEGE AND ACADEMY, Louisville, Ky.

University of Louisville

Sixty-fourth annual session. October 1. For catalogue address ST. MARY'S COLLEGE AND ACADEMY, Louisville, Ky.

CHICAGO MUSICAL COLLEGE

Catalog free. 346-249 Michigan ave., Chicago. For catalogue address A. D. BLANTON, Nashville, Tenn.

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Notre Dame, Ind. Write for catalogue.

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Catalog free. 346-249 Michigan ave., Chicago. For catalogue address A. D. BLANTON, Nashville, Tenn.

Cousins In Fatal Encounter

Alexandria, La., Aug. 30.—A fatal encounter between two cousins yesterday at Point Avoules parish. As a result of a quarrel, one of the cousins was killed. The two men were returning home from a social service when they came to a quarrel. It is alleged, drew a revolver and fired several shots into his cousin's back.

For colds and malaria get Williams' Pink Pills. Permanent results.

urrier-Journal.

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A Consolidation of
LOUISVILLE DAILY JOURNAL
Louisville, Ky., Nov. 24, 1930.

LOUISVILLE DAILY DEMOCRAT
Louisville, Ky., 1943.

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Mad. Ahearn, the head of the Philippine Forestry Bureau, to do field work in an uncivilized section of one of the islands, were set upon between midnight and morning, and slain, by a squad of wild men. The wild men, rounded up and questioned, said that they had nothing in particular against the white men, but that they had not killed anybody for a considerable number of moons, and that their chief had wished to enjoy a slaughter spree, and, in addition, greatly admired, and desired, a hat worn by one of the foresters. It is not at all difficult to trace an analogy between the impulses of the bandy-shanked wild men of the Philippine jungle and those of the equally savage and unrestrained youths of Kankakee. But, however interesting as exhibits upholding the Darwinian theory, the young men who would have wrecked a train to enjoy a thrill are very much in the way in an age of enlightenment. It is to be hoped that, in an institution devoted to the inculcation of the working principles of civilized society in the minds of the morally deficient, the would-be train wreckers will be brought up from the plane of their naked brown brothers on the other side of the Pacific and better fitted to grow up among Twentieth-century Americans.

Foundations of the Vendetta.
"E. L. Johnson, son of Dr. W. W. Johnson, of New Johnson, Elliott county, was shot from ambush while standing at his own gate yesterday, and killed. His wounds were immediately secured from Wilmore, but failed to strike the trail. Johnson killed his brother-in-law, Harper, about a year ago, and had been sentenced to the penitentiary, but the Court of Appeals reversed the decision, and he was out on bond. He was married, and was a member of a prominent family. Besides his wife he leaves several children." (Dispatch from Morehead.)

Once more events emphasize the fact that the mountain vendetta is, in the end, a poorly paid enterprise. A few years ago Judge James Hargis, of "Bloody Breathitt," did as he "darn pleased," and his right hand man, Edward Callahan, did as he, or Judge Hargis "darn pleased." Each was a "hoss in his day," and each was confident that he could scorn the law and indulge at will in the pleasures of revenge without paying the price set in scriptural formulae. Perforation by bullets ended the life of one and came near ending the life of the other, illustrating the rule that man shall shed the blood of the exponent of bloodshed. Judge Hargis was slain by the hand of a son inured to crimes of violence in the halcyon days when his father ruled his county at the muzzle of the rifle. He met death no less logically than did the brothers who preceded him to the little family cemetery in the bend of the Kentucky River, victims of the folly of defying the law and relying upon the vendetta to order affairs to their liking.

No rule is absolute. John D. Rockefeller is said to escape the greater part of the burden of taxation, the Prophet Elijah escaped the return to dust, which is the common fate of mankind, and B. Fulton French survived the strenuousness of the famous French-Eversole "war" to remove to the Bluegrass and become rotund, rubicund, polkicking, square, sans regret, sans penitence, sans poverty, trouble or the lack of friends. Exceptions merely prove the rule. The seeker after revenge is self-appointed to the position of one sought for similar purposes. Blood being somewhat thicker than water, and blood relatives almost as thick as the leaves of the forest in the Kentucky mountains, the time comes when the blood of the shedder of blood is shed. As in the case of the late Mr. Johnson, the bullet oftentimes comes as a bolt from the blue, the thin, sharp report of a rifle, accentuating the peace and silence of a summer afternoon and sending its swift messenger to call from scenes "where every prospect pleases, and naught but man is vile" the willful disturber of the peace. Each tragedy of this sort lays the foundation for its successor. Each is a link in a chain of lawlessness and useless sacrifice of life upon the altar of the petty meanness, vainly glorified as "vengeance," which seeks satisfaction in a paltry evening of scores that takes no more account of the woman who is made a widow or the children who are made orphans than of the law it violates.

"Let them fight it out" is the sentiment sometimes expressed when the hero of a vendetta escapes punishment. The obvious objection is that they never finish fighting it out. The vitality of the feud is often as great in the third and fourth generations as it was before the original casual bell was forgotten by the first or second. The assassination of Mr. Johnson, of Newfoundland, disposes of him in a manner satisfactory to those of his neighbors who held him guilty of a crime equally unpardonable when he killed his brother-in-law. But it adds a widow and a few orphans to the list of innocent sufferers and paves the way for another killing that will perhaps add another widow and a few more orphans to the list. There will be no end of the exchange of courtesies until the law performs the function of umpire with sufficient impressiveness to deter the parties to the controversy from activity.

Possibly the man just murdered got his revenge when he killed his brother-in-law, leaving his sister a widow, or his wife bereft of a brother as the case may have been. He has now paid a round price for that revenge in the sacrifice of his own life and the unhappiness of his children and the mother of his children. Having enjoyed whatever satisfaction arose from killing his brother-in-law he faced the alternative of punishment by law or assassination by a neighbor. The advantage of his being punished by the law, as against the neighbor, would have been that there would have been one less murder in the annals of Elliott county to-day, to say

nothing of the prospect of others growing out of the Saturday killing.

The reversal of the case of the Commonwealth vs. Johnson, by the Appellate Court was doubtless unavoidable, and his exposure to the revenge of a relative of his brother-in-law equally so. The case, nevertheless, calls attention to the manner in which feuds develop where the law's delays, or failures, leave the man killer at large and the issue between clans open and subject to such adjustment as may result, from time to time, in the elimination of a party to the controversy and the creation of new causes for assassination.

The foundation of the vendetta in the Kentucky mountains is the common failure of the courts to interfere vigorously with the programme of "fighting it out." Every week-kneed juror, every crooked witness and every reviewing court that reverses a verdict of guilty without sufficient grounds, contributes to that failure, and aids in extending a list of widows and orphans and assassinations that is a standing rebuke to civilization, not only in the Appalachian mountains, but throughout the United States, where the number of convicted persons is wholly disproportionate to the number of homicides.

Criticizing Mr. Wellman.

There is a disposition among some of the newspapers to become impatient with Mr. Walter Wellman's periodical efforts to discover the North Pole. The Montgomery, Ala., Advertiser is one of the most outspoken of these papers and in a recent issue indulges in the following harsh criticism:

"We think the man in general will agree that it is high time for Walter Wellman to subside, for the world is getting tired of him. According to his own statements he has been studying and experimenting on aeroplanes about fifteen years, and has nearly accomplished nothing. He has made several alleged starts, and starting has been about all he has done. Now, after his latest fiasco, he coolly announces that he will have another try at it next year, and from this time on we may confidently expect from him continued explanations of why he failed, and of what he is going to do next time. Next time he will probably put it off until it is too late, and then after another failure, will set to work to explain how it happened and free himself of all blame for what he failed to do. But another failure, or a dozen of them, will not prevent him from advertising and exploiting himself as long as he can find anyone credulous enough to listen to him or read about him. We move that Mr. Wellman sit down. He has the parrot habit of talking too much."

It is true that Mr. Wellman's promises have been large and his performances disappointing. The world moves with a rush nowadays and people are prone to expect quick results even from undertakings of magnitude. But the world was not built in a day and Mr. Wellman is not the first man who has failed to reach the North Pole after more or less strenuous efforts. Probably it is not altogether his fault that his balloon always rips a seam or frazzles a guy rope at some critical period in the progress of his journey of exploration. Mr. Wellman, despite his fifteen years of study of aeroplanes, cannot give his personal attention to every detail of the expedition. Necessarily he has to leave a good many of these small matters to others. Doing so deeply immersed in the theoretical and theatrical phases of his enterprise, he has overlooked some things the importance of which might impress itself on a practical aeronaut, but would be passed over unwittingly by a student.

Mr. Wellman is a newspaper man, which is a sufficient explanation of his frequently made charge that he has overworked the publicity end of his Arctic ventures. He writes good stuff and he finds writing a congenial vocation between balloon trips. The subject of finding the pole is near and dear to him. It is his pet hobby, and the man who has a pet hobby is likely to overestimate the popular interest in his scheme. Then, too, the men who are backing him must have some sort of a "run for the money" and the newspaper that is promoting the expedition must have news of its progress, despite the fact that the news consists mostly of hot air wafted from a cold trail.

Mr. Wellman is to be commended rather than criticized for his perseverance. He evidently has read the old poem, "If at first you don't succeed, try, try again." He is an earnest and consistent explorer, although a somewhat spasmodic explorer, but that he is a firm believer in patient effort is attested by his fifteen years of devotion to the study of aeroplanes. Naturally, there are some nervous, impatient and querulous persons in the world who are disappointed in his annual performance. They simply do not realize the tremendous difficulties that have to be overcome; they do not comprehend the strain and stress of starting and maintaining a balloon flight in a region so frigid that beside it a cold storage plant is of summer garden temperature; they make no allowance for the liability of the big balloon to accident, necessitating another year of repairs and another hopeful proclamation of a future dash.

A good start is half the journey, and it has been Mr. Wellman's misfortune that he has never been able to secure a good start. With a few more years of study and experimentation there is every reason to believe that he will finally achieve this desirable end, or rather beginning, and that his expedition will expedite in a way that will justify the faith of his backers. To be sure, there is the ever present possibility that somebody may beat him to the pole; that some ambitious alibiop may slip up on it while Mr. Wellman is studying aeroplanes or writing a few advance notices. That, of course, would be a great blow, the finishing stroke, as it were, to Mr. Wellman's aspirations. Even in that contingency, however, Mr. Wellman will have the consolation that if he has

made no great reputation as an explorer he is secure in his fame as an exploiter.

Summer Camp For Girls.

An interesting experiment that has resulted in an eminently satisfactory way to the experimenters was undertaken three years ago by a number of working girls of Evansville. Their wages being inadequate to meet the demands of room owners and boarding-house keepers they conceived the idea of establishing a summer camp. The first year they rented a bungalow sixty miles up the river. The camp could accommodate only twenty girls at a time. Some hundreds of young women went there for a week's vacation, but the camp was too far away to serve the main purpose—cheap and comfortable board and lodging for the entire season.

The second year a location was secured in the suburbs, by leasing a tract of timber land from a farmer. Some cheap buildings were constructed and the camp was made so attractive that it was largely patronized. This year the patronage has been larger still and a movement is on foot to secure permanent quarters. An effort will be made to buy a tract of land and erect suitable buildings thereon, these buildings to be supplemented by tents, as in the present camp. The "village in the woods" as it now exists is thus described in an article in the Evansville Courier:

"In a lane about 125 yards long, called 'Easy Street,' are four tents. At each end of these tents is a large frame building, with board walls to a height of four feet. Along these walls, the buildings are entirely open, only a screen separating the interior from the outside. In case of a driving rain, the sides are provided with heavy canvas curtains, which, when lowered, make the buildings as secure as a substantial house. The roof is of wood with a tar coating.

"One of these buildings is used for a sleeping room. It is provided with a score of beds. Two dressing rooms are in the rear of the building, separated from the sleeping apartment by a row of lockers which are used for closets. The building is provided with electric lights, an electric fan, and bath. The other frame building is built in the same way, and is used for the sitting room, and dining-room. In the rear is a kitchen. Here the girls gather when the weather will not allow them to stay outside. A large bookcase, piano, electric fans, electric lights, and a telephone will give one an idea of some of the comforts enjoyed."

The "Working Girls' Association," as the organization is called, conducts the camp on business principles. To board and lodge there costs \$3 a week and there are no incidental expenses to be incurred. If the girl prefers to take her lunch in town she pays only \$2 a week. The enterprise has been found to be remunerative and the surroundings are pleasant and healthful. In the three years' life of the organization there has been no case of illness and the only time a physician has been called was when one of the boarders was injured by a fall.

The Evansville girls' plan is certainly an admirable solution of a troublesome economic problem. Life in a summer camp with agreeable companionship is decidedly preferable to the hall-room in the average boarding-house. Anything better than a hall-room is beyond the reach of girls who work for small wages. Luxuries are out of the question. To those who are tired of the sameness of boarding-house fare and surroundings the "village in the woods" offers a welcome variation. For the summer season, at least, there is wholesome food, well prepared; there is fresh air in abundance; there are clean sleeping rooms with outdoor surroundings; there are outdoor amusements. The boarder may have sunshine and shade in proportions decidedly more enjoyable than is possible in the crowded city. She may find "room to turn 'round in, to breathe and be free." With wholesome meals and a good night's rest she is well equipped for the labors of the day.

The Evansville girls have done well in making themselves comfortable for the summer. Their camp is a success in every sense. The energy and executive ability which made it so should be equal to devising some plan which will tend to the betterment of conditions for all other seasons of the year.

The Mayor of Tokio has offered 20,000 cherry shoots to President Taft. Anticipating an explosion of wrath in the prohibition camp, we hasten to print with the assurance that the beautifully blossoming cherry trees of Nippon do not produce the central ornament of the Manhattan cocktail.

Edward H. R. Green, the 300-pound son of Mrs. Hetty Green, is ambitious to do the first aeroplane in Texas. Living under any but a well-reinforced roof in Texas will hereafter be as dangerous as entering a motorcar race at Indianapolis.

Soaperton, one of the minor Georgia cities, has just cleansed herself by lynching a couple of undesirable citizens, against whom "feeling was intense," to quote a superfluous statement of the resident correspondent.

Mr. Tillman, of South Carolina and the United States Senate Chamber, holly opposes compulsory education, and gives many other evidences of the fact that it wasn't compulsory in the days of his youth.

Perhaps the fellow who slipped on a dime's worth of ice in Washington was merely making a too hasty and strenuous effort to sit upon it and keep cool in our proud and beautiful, but sizzling, national Capital.

Representative Fowler, of New Jersey, is accused by the Houston Post of craving excitement, but to Judge from his adjectives he really craves blood.

delightful summer traveling in the West, is now being entertained by friends in St. Louis.

Points About People.

Miss Elsie Reiger and Mr. Edmond Lightenstien were married in Lucerne yesterday. Only the immediate families witnessed the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Lightenstien will sail for America from Liverpool September 10. They will make their home in Detroit. Mrs. Lightenstien is the second greatest cellist in the world, and Mr. Lightenstien is the first violinist in the Detroit String Quartet. Mrs. Lightenstien has been heard here at the Woman's Club.

Mr. Alice S. Newhouse, formerly of Louisville, but now of New York City, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. T. G. Watkins at their home, 218 West Burnett avenue.

Miss Anna Boyle will return home September 9 from Westport, where she has been for the last four weeks.

Mrs. Gray McLean and her daughter, Miss Margaret McLean, of Frankfort, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Dorsey.

Mr. H. T. Spain, of Indianapolis, who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin W. Allen, has returned home.

Mrs. C. D. Pearce and sons, of Mayeville, who have been visiting relatives here, will return home this morning.

Mrs. E. B. Davis and her daughters, Mrs. Ashton Harcourt and Miss Mary E. B. Davis, will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Warren for a week for St. Louis to see the first performance of "The Golden Girl," in which Miss Alice Ballard, Day, will take a leading part.

Messrs. Boyd Mahon and Ferguson Reed returned Sunday from Shelbyville, where they have been the guests of Miss Virginia Brown, for a week.

Miss Alice and Albert Cane have returned home from a several weeks' stay at Atlantic City.

Mr. Kenneth McDonald, who has been ill at her home in St. James Court for the past two weeks, much improved.

Mr. Fred Wade, of Paducah, will arrive to-day and will be at the Seelbach for a short stay.

Mr. J. R. Clark, of his daughter, Miss Beale Clark, will leave next week for Chicago, where they will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Clark, of Chicago. From there they will go to Bloomington, Ind., to join Mrs. Clark for a visit to her mother, Mrs. Rouse.

Mr. Edward Sonntag, of Evansville, who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Sonntag, returned home Sunday evening.

Miss Anna Youngman will leave September 2 for Washington, from there she will go to Boston for the remainder of the winter.

Mr. June Davis, who has been spending the summer and will be the guest of his mother, Mrs. J. R. Davis, will be in Princeton, the middle of September.

Mrs. E. H. Bacon, and children, Miss Emily Bacon, and Master Edmund Bacon, have returned from a several weeks' stay in Michigan.

Mrs. Jennie Marshall, of Frankfort, arrived last evening, to be the guest of Mrs. Judith Marshall.

Mr. Archie Graham will leave Wednesday for Michigan to spend the remainder of the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert L. Sauter and their daughter, Miss Elizabeth Sauter, of Danville, who have been the guests of relatives here since last Thursday, returned home last evening.

Mr. Joseph Dunlap, who went in April to visit his son and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Dunlap, in New York City, and his sister, Mrs. T. L. Armstrong, in Minneapolis, returned home Sunday evening.

Miss Nell Ott, who has been the guest of her aunt, Mrs. J. R. Ott, since February, will leave to-day for Versailles, to accept the position of superintendent of the Orphanage there.

Mrs. Robert Dunlap and her son, Mr. W. R. Dunlap, who have been the guests of Mrs. Stoddard Johnson, at Anchorage, will be with Mrs. William Way at Forest for several days.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Floyd Smith, Miss Elizabeth Smith and Mr. James Bruce are touring the Bluegrass in Mr. Bruce's motorcar.

Miss Sallie Kelley, of New Castle, arrived yesterday to be the guest of Mrs. Judith Marshall.

Mr. Paul Barilman will leave to-day for Chicago to spend the wedding of Miss Mary Belle Taylor and Mr. Walter Hay.

Mrs. William B. Belknap and Miss Lucy Belknap will return to-day from Chautauque.

Mr. and Mrs. Norvin T. Harris and their daughter, Miss Elizabeth Harris, will arrive to-day to spend six weeks at Hurstbourne before going to New Orleans for the winter.

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JOSEPH WHITE & SONS COMPANY.

SUMMER RESORTS.

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For 2 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$10 per week.

For 4 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$18 per week.

For 6 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$26 per week.

For 8 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$34 per week.

For 10 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$42 per week.

For 12 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$50 per week.

For 14 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$58 per week.

For 16 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$66 per week.

For 18 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$74 per week.

For 20 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$82 per week.

For 22 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$90 per week.

For 24 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$98 per week.

For 26 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$106 per week.

For 28 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$114 per week.

For 30 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$122 per week.

For 32 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$130 per week.

For 34 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$138 per week.

For 36 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$146 per week.

For 38 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$154 per week.

For 40 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$162 per week.

For 42 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$170 per week.

For 44 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$178 per week.

For 46 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$186 per week.

For 48 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$194 per week.

For 50 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$202 per week.

For 52 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$210 per week.

For 54 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$218 per week.

For 56 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$226 per week.

For 58 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$234 per week.

For 60 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$242 per week.

For 62 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$250 per week.

For 64 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$258 per week.

For 66 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$266 per week.

For 68 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$274 per week.

For 70 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$282 per week.

For 72 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$290 per week.

For 74 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$298 per week.

For 76 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$306 per week.

For 78 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$314 per week.

For 80 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$322 per week.

For 82 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$330 per week.

For 84 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$338 per week.

For 86 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$346 per week.

For 88 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$354 per week.

For 90 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$362 per week.

For 92 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$370 per week.

For 94 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$378 per week.

For 96 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$386 per week.

For 98 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$394 per week.

For 100 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$402 per week.

For 102 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$410 per week.

For 104 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$418 per week.

For 106 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$426 per week.

For 108 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$434 per week.

For 110 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$442 per week.

For 112 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$450 per week.

For 114 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$458 per week.

For 116 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$466 per week.

For 118 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$474 per week.

For 120 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$482 per week.

For 122 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$490 per week.

For 124 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$498 per week.

For 126 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$506 per week.

For 128 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$514 per week.

For 130 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$522 per week.

For 132 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$530 per week.

For 134 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$538 per week.

For 136 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$546 per week.

For 138 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$554 per week.

For 140 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$562 per week.

For 142 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$570 per week.

For 144 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$578 per week.

For 146 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$586 per week.

For 148 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$594 per week.

For 150 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$602 per week.

For 152 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$610 per week.

For 154 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$618 per week.

For 156 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$626 per week.

For 158 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$634 per week.

For 160 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$642 per week.

For 162 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$650 per week.

For 164 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$658 per week.

For 166 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$666 per week.

For 168 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$674 per week.

For 170 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$682 per week.

For 172 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$690 per week.

For 174 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$698 per week.

For 176 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$706 per week.

For 178 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$714 per week.

For 180 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$722 per week.

For 182 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$730 per week.

For 184 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$738 per week.

For 186 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$746 per week.

For 188 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$754 per week.

For 190 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$762 per week.

For 192 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$770 per week.

For 194 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$778 per week.

For 196 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$786 per week.

For 198 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$794 per week.

For 200 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$802 per week.

For 202 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$810 per week.

For 204 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$818 per week.

For 206 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$826 per week.

For 208 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$834 per week.

For 210 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$842 per week.

For 212 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$850 per week.

For 214 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$858 per week.

For 216 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$866 per week.

For 218 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$874 per week.

For 220 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$882 per week.

For 222 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$890 per week.

For 224 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$898 per week.

For 226 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$906 per week.

For 228 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$914 per week.

For 230 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$922 per week.

For 232 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$930 per week.

For 234 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$938 per week.

For 236 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$946 per week.

For 238 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$954 per week.

For 240 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$962 per week.

For 242 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$970 per week.

For 244 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$978 per week.

For 246 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$986 per week.

For 248 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$994 per week.

For 250 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$1,002 per week.

For 252 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$1,010 per week.

For 254 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$1,018 per week.

For 256 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$1,026 per week.

For 258 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$1,034 per week.

For 260 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$1,042 per week.

For 262 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$1,050 per week.

For 264 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$1,058 per week.

For 266 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$1,066 per week.

For 268 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$1,074 per week.

For 270 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$1,082 per week.

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For 374 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$1,498 per week.

For 376 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$1,506 per week.

For 378 weeks beginning August 15 to a rate of \$1,5

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

Meals and Berths Included.
Cruiser Tarascon Mondays and Fridays.
Tell City Wednesdays and Saturdays.
DAYS' VACATION TRIP FOR \$5.00.
Beautiful scenery, music and dancing.

Streets CITY OF CINCINNATI
and CITY OF LOUISVILLE

C. C. FULLER, Supt.

COVINGTON & NASHVILLE R. R.

Stops at Park street on signal.
Stops at Baxter Avenue.

The Company reserves the right to vary from the tim-
ing herein without notice to the public, and does not
warrant schedule.

Union Station, Tenth and Broadway.

	Leave.	Arrive
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Union		

[illegible]

Personstown leave Highland and Baxter ave-
ues at 5:12 a. m. daily, and thereafter leave
Terminal Station 6:03 and 7:03 a. m. and eight

minutes after each hour between the hours of 8:15 a. m. and 9:15 p. m. Last car Monday, Wednesday and Saturday nights at 11:15 p. m. Free zone for Louisville at 8:15 a. m. and 10:15 p. m. and fifteen minutes after each hour between the hours of 8:15 a. m. and 10:15 p. m. and at 12:15 Monday, Wednesday and Saturday nights to Highland avenue only.

REGULAR DIVISION—Cars leave for all at 8:00 and 5:10 a. m. and fifty minutes after each hour between the hours of 5:50 a. m. and 7:50 p. m. Extra car (daily except Sunday) leaves at 5:20 p. m. Last car leaves Monday at 9:30 p. m. Daily except Sunday and Wednesday. Louisville at 5:15 a. m. and 10:15 p. m. Free zone for Louisville at 8:15 a. m. and 10:15 p. m. and fifteen minutes after each hour between the hours of 8:15 a. m. and 10:15 p. m. and at 12:15 Monday, Wednesday and Saturday nights to Highland avenue only.

7 a. m. daily except Sunday and holidays. Thirty-five minutes after each hour between 7 a. m. and 10 a. m. on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday. Louisville leaves Crell at 10 p. m. on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday at 12 midnight.

COLOMBA DISTRICT. Cars leave for Columbia at 7:15 a. m. after each hour between the hours of 5:15 a. m. and 7:35 p. m. on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday at 11:45 p. m. Cars leave Columbia for Columbia at 7:35 a. m. after each hour between the hours of 9:15 a. m. and 9:15 p. m. on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday at 11:45 p. m. Cars leave for Columbia at 9:20 a. m. and 117 minutes after each hour thereafter until 9:50 p. m. on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday at 11:45 p. m. Cars leave for Columbia at 9:20 a. m. and 117 minutes after each hour thereafter until 9:50 p. m. on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday at 11:45 p. m. and forty-five minutes after each hour thereafter until 10:15 p. m. on Sunday and holidays at 11:45 p. m. and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 11:45 p. m.

PROSPECT DIVISION—Cars leave Terminal for Prospect at 5:32 a. m. and eight other times during the day.

minutes after the hour thereafter until 9:00 a. m. Last car outbound leaves at 11:00 a. m. on Monday, Thursday and Saturday. An additional line leaves eight minutes after the half hour for Hatrode Creek, making a half-hour line to that point up to 9:08 p. m. On Sunday this half-hour line runs through Prospect. Cars leave Prospect at 6:20 a. m. and four minutes before each hour thereafter.

[illegible]

8 p. m. daily. "Florida Special," Danville
Chattanooga Knoxville Asheville

[illegible]

Seventh and River. City Ticket Office, Fourth and Market. Effective December 1, 1908.

	Leave	Arrive
Memphis and New Orleans....	9:40pm	7:50am
Memphis and New Orleans....	12:01pm	5:25
Memphis and New Orleans....	7:21am	4:55pm
Memphis and New Orleans....	4:45pm	8:30am

Norfolk City, commercial	7:30am	8:30pm
Zabazhetown and Hodgen		
ville	7:31am	8:59pm
Zabazhetown and Hodgen		
ville	1:45pm	8:30pm
reshore	12:01pm	4:55pm
ckinsville	12:01pm	5:30pm
ifornia points, through cars		
Tuesdays	9:40pm	5:30pm

MOBILE AND GULF COAST RAILROAD CO.— EAST.		
Verdeville	8:00am	12:01pm
Nicholsville	8:30am	12:31pm
Richmond	9:00am	1:00pm
Irvine	10:00am	3:00pm
Heartsville	12:00pm	4:30pm
Verdeville	10:00am	5:00pm
Nicholsville	9:30am	4:30pm
Richmond	8:40am	4:00pm
Irvine	7:00am	2:40pm
Heartsville	5:00am	1:20pm
All trains daily except Sunday.		

KAY - In effect August 1, 1948.
Trains leave Lexington for Winchester, Booneville Junction, O. and K. Junction, Jackson way points daily at 7:35 a. m. and 2:25 p. m.
Returning leave Jackson at 8:30 a. m. and 4:30 p. m.
On Sunday only leave Jackson at 8:30 a. m. Connections at Mt. Sterling with C. and O. and at Booneville Junction with Mountain Chitralley, Booneville Junction with I. and N. Railway, O. and K. Junction and O. and N. Railway.

all-hour service 6 a. m. to 1:30 p. m. and east as Pewee Valley; hourly thereafter at 12:30 midnight. For Beard and Lagrange

BUSINESS CHANCES

STENDID opportunity for a man of moderate means to buy a bang-up new store at a bargain; will prove a money-maker to the right man. Address CHARLES P. FRICK of Robinson-Peterson, Inc., 100 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

10

NATIONAL LEAGUE MAGNATES ARE STINGY
Have More Players Than They Need, But Refuse To As-

MANAGER ROGER BRIESNA-
HAN blames the stinginess

National League for the fact that his team is not making a better showing than it is, and Roger is pretty near right, says

"My pitching staff consists of but three men on whom any degree of certainty can be placed. Lush, Beebe and Sallee have

men to send to the mound regularly, in order to allow these fellows to rest, the Cardinals' standing in the league would have the most serious effect.

[illegible]

ports from England say that a syndicate has been ready to offer \$500,000 for the contest. There is another syndicate in London, and it is just possible that these men will raise the ante a bit and make the sporting world with an offer that will be near the one given to Mr. Willing. The latter will not be definitely decided, however, until Jeffries returns to this country.

Jimmy Barry, the Chicago heavyweight, was once advancing to the point where his friends in the boxing world believe that he has a chance against any of the big fellows. Jim was over in Paris last spring and made a showing while there that made many of the crowd believe in the lesser lights. After his return here he was a victim of colds and had to come to the country and got back into shape. The other night he met a big fellow named George, who was a champion in his own showing on the coast, and Barry had all the odds on him. The fight took place in Los Angeles; in fact, his showing was so good that his friends there are now trying to

ultimate end in view of meeting Jack Johnson at Philadelphia September 21. It may seem strange at this time, but nevertheless it is a fact that the Paris agent here has been sent to meet Barry owing to the fact that he considered him "too tough" again on short notice. Barry says he likes to go for a fighter, and if he would attend strictly to his knitting there will be no trouble as he should not class with the best of them.

The California clubs have finally passed up Philadelphia Jack O'Brien and in place of matching him with Al Kaufman, as was intended, have matched Kaufman with Jack Johnson for a ten-round game on September 26 at Delmar. Delmar is a trainer of Jim Jeffries, recently stated that he thought Kaufman could defeat Jack Johnson. He rather surmised that Kaufman agreed to a ten-round bout, as Delano played to win, and that after later news came stating the black man was in long fight. However, it will give the fans a chance to see how well they can demonstrate whether Kaufman is of high enough class to stand up against the colored champion. The odds are 100 to 1. The men are more evenly matched than Johnson and Kaufman will be when they meet, and the odds are 100 to 1 for Johnson to 200, against 215 for Johnson.

TENNIS PLAYERS BUILD WELL IN CINCINNATI.

Cincinnati, O., Aug. 30.—Play proceeded rapidly in the second day of the State tournament to-day, and several of the best teams in men's singles reached the fourth round.

Those who got that far were Nat Thornton, of Atlanta; Oliver Dunlap and Frank Granger, of Cincinnati; Nat Emerson, of New York; Fred H. Smith, of Chicago; Trux Emerson; Richard Palmer,

cups.

Serget Victor H. Caskey, of the United States Marine Corps, whose home is in Washington, D. C., took the Wimbledon title in twenty-two rounds with a second and Second Lieut. Joseph Topham, of the Thirteenth United States Infantry, native of Lawrence, Kan., who is a member of the National Tennis Association camp in the city. Caskey had the score of 308 out of 395, seven shots better than Topham, who had 377, or 89 less, or 1,000 yards. Caskey's score is one point better than that by which Capt. J. W. Wilson, of Delaware, won of Pennsylvania, broke the record a year ago. Lieut. Topham's 108 is one year's record a year ago. Casey was in the race to-day, but failed to land in the money.

Wilson had a good deal of a field day over the regulars, who took both cups. The Wimbledon landed sixteen representatives in the twenty Wimbledon leaders.

The ten leaders scored as follows:

WIMBLEDEN CUP MATCH.	
Serget Victor H. Caskey.....	308
Capt. Wm. A. Frazer, U. S. M. C.....	297
Lieut. Townsend, Ohio.....	296
C. S. Infantry.....	295
Mahunan Walter L. Heiberg, U. S. Cavalry.....	294
John W. Hessian, National Rifle.....	293
J. Linday, Fifteenth U. S. Cavalry.....	292
Charles E. Mitchell, First Lieutenant.....	291
C. S. Infantry.....	290
Ezra G. Allen, U. S. Infantry.....	289
Lewis E. Hughes, U. S. N.....	288

were:
Second Lieut. J. L. Topham, Thirteenth
Capt. W. Wise, Sixth Mountain.
First Lieut. B. R. Rittenhouse, Elev-

[illegible]

King's Daughters' Benefit Game.

On next Monday afternoon, Labor Day, one of the largest crowds that ever attended a baseball game in Louisville is expected to gather at Eclipse Park for the benefit game between the Louisville and Post-Cum teams of the National League. Both teams are fighting for the title of champions of the league and if the teams win Sunday's game the combat on Labor day will decide the supremacy.

The game will be played under the auspices of the King's Daughters for the benefit of the Home for Incurables, and this alone will insure a large attendance at the institution. Tickets are now on sale at Mae Jennie Benedict's restaurant on Fourth avenue.

If a human being continued to grow at the same rate as he does in his first year he would be sixty-eight feet tall at the

al champion, will not play, owing to the recent death of a brother.

He Calls the Roll Each Night.

(Kansas City Journal.)

He calls up the Walnut-street Police Station roll each night.

"Have you got Patsy Doe locked up?" he asks.

"Yes."

"Key Gold?"

"No."

"No more Key Roy?"

"No."

"All right," he says, and rings off.

Patsy's a sailor, played under the name of B. Walton, desk sergeant, last night. He has a bunch of old proteges for whom he has been looking out ever since he got into trouble. If he misses any of them he calls up here. Sometimes he finds that Patsy and Ikeey and Tom are in here."

The record of bone yield from a single whale was 2,100 pounds, which at the

Financial and Commercial

MONEY.

Monday Evening, Aug. 30.—In the money market money rates were unchanged. There was a firm demand for money, but it was moderately active. Mails were fair and counter transactions liberal. The ruling demand was fairly good. Rates were changed at 5 to 6 per cent.

The exchange on New York was quoted at 100.

The report of the Clearing-Houses to-day	
Day's clearing	\$1,000,000
Balance	\$1,000,000

The movement in local securities was not but values ruled firm and there was a decidedly better feeling. The higher rates in New York contributed to the improvement. Portland preferred sold in two shares lots at the Stock Exchange at 88. Closed at 84½ bid for a small lot. The common was in demand at 85, an advance ¼. Louisville Traction was ¼ higher, a morning session, but a trifle easier at the afternoon session. The preferred was ½. Avery preferred sold at an advance of several bank stocks were in demand. We will list the following that was strong at the Stock Exchange:

City Sewer & was \$1,000 offered at 100. Louisville Railway and Light & was ½ bid for \$5,000 and a reading of 5 was bid and 92½ asked, \$5,000 each way, and bid for \$1,000.

National Bank of Commerce was 165 for twenty shares.

National Bank of Kentucky was 194 for twenty shares and seven offered at 194.

Southern National Bank was 141 bid for twenty-seven shares.

Columbia Trust was 128½ bid for shares and twenty-five offered at 140½.

Avery common preferred was 100 for shares sold at 96½, an advance ½.

Louisville Bridge was 145 bid for fifty shares.

Louisville Gas was 96 bid for twenty shares and eleven offered at 97½.

Louisville Heating preferred was 90½ for two shares, ten offered at 91½, and 91 for ten.

Louisville Tobacco Warehouse common 70 bid for twenty shares and ten offered at 72½.

Common and Southern common 42½ bid for 120 shares and twenty offered at 42½.

Louisville Traction common at the market.

Do preferred..... 90

Clearance of 50c Underwear 38c

Clearance of the best makes of regular 50c goods; all sizes, but not of all kinds. Fine cellular weaves; Poroskinit, in white, blue and natural colors; feather-weight balbriggans, in gray, mingled, blue and ecru—

38c a Garment 75c a Suit

Levy's Third & Market.

The Bright Spot in Louisville.

Courier-Journal.

TRADES UNION COUNCIL

TUESDAY, AUGUST 31, 1909

LIPSCOMB SECRETARY

COMMERCIAL CLUB

WINS OVER J. R. KELLER AND J. V. BECKMANN.

IS WELL-KNOWN ADVERTISING MAN IN LOUISVILLE.

NOTABLE AS PUBLIC SPEAKER.

At a meeting of the board of directors of the Louisville Commercial Club held at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, A. B. Lipscomb was elected secretary of the big organization to succeed A. T. MacDonald, who resigned one week ago to accept a position with the Louisville Lighting Company. Mr. Lipscomb's election followed a spirited, but friendly contest. There were five other applicants for the position, but besides Mr. Lipscomb the two most formidable contestants were James H. Keller and Julius V. Beckmann, secretary of the Retail Merchants' Association.

The selection of the new secretary, it is believed, will be universally pleasing to the club membership, who regard Mr. Lipscomb as peculiarly fitted for the position.

Following his college graduation he came to Louisville ten years ago and entered the newspaper field. Since that time he had wide experience in both the business and editorial departments of the Times and Courier-Journal. For the last three years he has been connected with the advertising department of the Times. His popularity was evidenced by his election last February to the presidency of the local Advertisers' Club.

As a brilliant and finished public speaker Secretary Lipscomb will likely win laurels for himself and the Commercial Club. His ability along this line has been such as won for him almost a national reputation. This is attested by the fact that during the convention of the Associated Advertisers' Clubs of America, held in Louisville last week, each one of the three candidates in the hot race for the national presidency insisted that Mr. Lipscomb make the nominating speech. The request in each case was denied for the reason that Louisville was host of the convention.

Two vacancies were filled in the directorate by the election of A. T. MacDonald and Smith S. Bailey.

SHELBY COUNTY COUPLE GO TO JEFFERSONVILLE.

Married There Yesterday—Louisville Pair Also Takes Vows At Indiana's Gretna Green.

Herbert Radcliff, a farmer, and Mrs. Ellen Brown, a dressmaker, both of Shelby county, Ky., of which they are natives, eloped to Jeffersonville early yesterday morning and were married by Magistrate Hay. The bridegroom is a son of William Radcliff, a farmer, and reached the city at 24 years last May. The bride's father, who was William Cummins, is dead. She is 34 years old and was divorced from a former husband in May, 1906.

William J. Ballman, a grocer, who lives at 415 Twenty-first street, and Mrs. Cordie G. Cunningham, a milliner, both of Louisville, were married in Jeffersonville by Magistrate James S. Kelgwin. The bridegroom was born in Louisville twenty-four years ago and is a son of Joseph Ballman, a cooper. The bride is a native of Velpin, Ind., and is 26 years old. Her father, who was Cordie G. Blair and she was divorced from a former husband in September, 1907. Her father, who was Magistrate James S. Kelgwin, of Jeffersonville, received a letter yesterday asking him to announce that on August 31 he officiated at the marriage of William J. Durham and Miss Laura G. Hartman, both of whom are connected with the city.

The wedding ceremony was held at the residence of Joseph Greenburg, at Danville, Ky., the bridegroom as cashier and the bride as pianist. At the time of the marriage Durham and Miss Hartman were accompanied by Greenburg, who said he had "made the match." Durham is a native of Danville and will reach the age of 24 in October. He is a son of B. J. Durham, a hardware man. The bride was born at Scottsburg, Ind., twenty years ago last April, and is a daughter of Jacob Hartman, a tailor, who lives at South Park, Jefferson county, Ky.

DATES FOR HOLDING FAIRS IN KENTUCKY.

Frankfort, August 31—3 days.

Monticello, September 1—4 days.

Nicholasville, August 31—4 days.

St. George, September 1—4 days.

Middleboro, September 1—4 days.

Tompkinsville, September 1—4 days.

Ferrisburg, September 1—4 days.

Barstonsville, September 1—4 days.

Franklin, September 2—3 days.

Paris, September 7—4 days.

Hogansville, September 7—3 days.

Monticello, September 7—4 days.

Glasgow, September 8—4 days.

Harford, September 8—3 days.

Louisville, Kentucky State Fair, September 12—5 days.

Scottsville, September 15—3 days.

Mayfield, September 22—4 days.

Horse Cave, September 22—4 days.

Stearnsburg, September 22—4 days.

Harrodsburg, September 22—4 days.

Glasgow Colored Fair—September 23—3 days.

Harford, October 1—2 days.

Owensboro, October 2—3 days.

Elkton, October 2—3 days.

Sulphur, October 2—3 days.

IN A VAULT

Body of Frank M. Mayfield Will Be Placed.

SERVICES WILL BE HELD TOMORROW AFTERNOON.

L. D. LAWRENCE DISPOSES OF HIS ESTATE.

DIVORCE CASE ON TRIAL.

The arrangements for the funeral and burial of Frank M. Mayfield, who died at his home in Jeffersonville on Sunday night, had not been fully completed last night, but will be perfected some time today. It has practically been decided that the services will be held at 2:30 o'clock Wednesday afternoon. It is expected that the services will be so largely attended that it will be necessary to hold them at the Wall-street M. E. church. Several relatives from a distance will arrive today, and they will be consulted regarding the arrangements for the last rites.

The body will be placed in a vault at Walnut Ridge cemetery and it is expected the Masons, Modern Woodmen and Union Fraternal League will conduct the ritualistic work there.

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A WHEAT-MEAT!

That sounds strange. But it's true. It refers to Faust Brand Spaghetti, the great American wheat food that has won thousands from the meat habit and added a staple article of food to vegetarian fare. A Wheat-Meat! Think of it! Imagine if you can a food as nourishing as meat—that requires less energy to digest—that is not heating—that never becomes tainted—that is so clean, so cheap and so adaptable for every-day cooking as to be beyond compare. Such a food is Faust Brand Spaghetti. Serve it a new way every day—for dinner or supper. There'll be no regrets. Keep it always in the kitchen for a ready answer to that old question, "What to Cook?"

Faust Spaghetti is sold at all grocers. In five and ten-cent packages sent free on request.

MAULL BROTHERS, ST. LOUIS, MO.

Interaction of an execution for a balance of \$246 and costs on a judgment for \$22.95 in favor of the Bank of Charleston and against Peter F. Shilling and John M. Bower, which was rendered some time ago.

Clark Lodge of Masons has decided to redecorate the interior of its quarters and will adopt a color scheme that will make the large assembly room the most attractive around the falls. The lodge room is regarded as being one of the best-adapted ones for work in the State.

—Lena Timaley and Lila Hazelwood, who live at 1214 North Spring street, engaged in a combat at North yesterday, and a warrant was issued for the arrest of the first-named belligerent, what was notified by Patrolman Summers to appear in the City Court this morning.

—A telegram was received by Mrs. J. E. Thickett announcing the death of her sister, Mrs. H. H. Thickett, of Jackson, Mich. The supposition being her demise was sudden. She was about 78 years of age and is survived by one son and four daughters. A sister, Mrs. Julia Thickett, lives in Pittsburg, Mo.

—Prof. George B. Ashburn, who resigned the position of superintendent of the school of letters at the Indiana University some time ago, to be effective tomorrow, will leave this evening for Carroll county, Ind., where he has purchased a farm. He will have charge of a consolidated school near Delphi this winter. Mrs. Ashburn left for her new home yesterday.

—Dozen of wagons loaded with tomatoes are passing through the city nightly for the Louisville markets, some of them coming from as far north as forty miles. On a few occasions the traffic has been so heavy that extra trams have been run early in the morning by the company to make room on the boats for the grocers from this city who go to market at an early hour.

—A marriage license was issued yesterday to Roy J. Seavey of Austin, Texas, and Miss Hattie P. Warman of Dallas, this county, and the wedding will be to-night at the home of the parents of the bride-elect, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Warman, the Rev. W. W. Gibson, of this city, officiating. Seavey is twenty-four years of age and is a minister and farmer. Warman is 20 years old and her father is a minister and farmer.

—The special bill of exceptions of the defendants in the case of the State of Indiana against the first-named defendants, J. E. Martin, for the purpose of taking an appeal to the Supreme Court, was filed in the office of the City Clerk, Mr. Ballard, Circuit Clerk. The defendants were indicted on the charge of selling stolen goods to Charles W. Marshall for \$150.00, the animal being owned by McCutcheon, who was fined the amount paid by Marshall and Martin was fined \$50 as an accomplice in the transaction.

LIBRARY CONFERENCE IN LOUISVILLE IN OCTOBER.

Cincinnati's Librarian and Wisconsin's Commissioner Will Be In Attendance.

An interstate library conference, which will bring together prominent men of Kentucky, Indiana and Ohio affiliated with library associations will be held in Louisville October 20 and 21, according to a letter written by William F. Yust, of the Louisville Free Public Library, to the officials of the Louisville Central Library Club yesterday.

Mr. Yust in his letter states that the sessions will be held in the new library building at Fourth avenue and York street. He also advises that N. D. C. Hodges, librarian of the Cincinnati City Library and president of the American Library Association, and Henry E. Legler, of the Wisconsin Library Commission, have accepted invitations to attend the conference and deliver addresses.

In his letter, Mr. Yust advises that other prominent speakers will be secured for the conference as well as the two men mentioned. At any rate, Messrs. Hodges and Legler will prove big drawing cards, for they are both learned men with established reputations for being able debaters on most any subject.

Concern To Supply Physicians.

The Imperial Supply Company, which will have its headquarters in Louisville, filed its charter yesterday in the office of the County Clerk, listing its capital at \$10,000, divided into shares of \$10 each. The total limit is \$5,000.

—Capt. Clegg yesterday arrested Beverly Scott, colored, on the charge of provoking Charles Miller, a young white man, and he was locked up for a hearing in the City Court today.

—The fire department was called at 6:30 o'clock last evening to the home of Mrs. Emma Polly, 74 West street, where a fire had broken out on the roof of the residence. The damage was slight.

—After a stay of six weeks at the Kentucky Asylum for the Insane at Danville, Miss Ann Heaton, a teacher in the city public school, has arrived home to resume work on next Monday.

—Edward Cummings, a shipping clerk, and Miss Adora Church, both of whom are residents of the city, were married in Danville yesterday by Magistrate James S. Kelgwin.

—Charles O'Neill was arrested by Patrolman Elsworth Summers on a peace warrant, proceeding filed by his wife, Hattie O'Neill, and in the City Court yesterday morning the case went over until Wednesday.

—The Wesleyan Brotherhood of the German Methodist Episcopal church will give a lawn party in the yard of the church on East Maple street this evening, and arrangements have been completed to entertain a large crowd.

—The Wilburite Oil Works yesterday afternoon filed suit in the Circuit Court against Francis Adams for the collection of \$60.25, which is alleged to be due on an account of \$75.00 of gasoline sold the defendant.

—Mrs. C. P. Ferguson and daughter, Miss Mary N. Ferguson, the late Mrs. J. C. Ferguson's daughter, and a daughter-in-law, were in the office of Curtis W. Ballard, Circuit Clerk, returned last night from Kentucky, where they were away in June to spend the summer.

—The Rev. J. N. Jerzman will officiate at the funeral of the late Rev. J. N. Jerzman, which will be held at the Methodist Episcopal church, in Port Fulton, this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, and the burial will be by the side of the grave of his father.

—Charles Lucas, colored, who was arrested Sunday by Patrolman Elsworth Summers after attempting to shoot a number of persons on Ohio avenue, was fined \$5 and costs in the City Court yesterday on the charge of intoxication and fined \$5 and costs.

—Mrs. O. O. West, Sr., whose husband died recently, will leave today for Washington, D. C., to make her home with her daughter, Mrs. G. W. Faust, but she will be accompanied by her granddaughter, Miss Bettie Almond, who will remain with her aunt for two weeks.

—The Southern Indiana Realty and Building Company yesterday, through a deed filed in the office of George W. Starnes, Recorder of Clark county, conveyed to Little Cole lot 12, block 4, R. O. Gathright's subdivision, to the town of Clarksville, for a consideration of \$1,000.

—A return was made yesterday by Sheriff Oscar Johnson showing the satisfaction of a writ of habeas corpus for John C. Sanders, who was arrested on a charge of bigamy.

PLEADS GUILTY

John C. Sanders Says He Is a Bigamist.

THOUGHT FORMER WIVES WERE DEAD, HOWEVER.

PROPERTY IN BOB TURNER'S POSSESSION IDENTIFIED.

CONCESSIONS IN RATES.

John C. Sanders appeared before Judge John M. Paris in the City Court at New Albany yesterday on a charge of bigamy, to which he pleaded guilty and was held in bond of \$1,000 to appear at the October term of the Floyd Circuit Court. He was sent to jail in default.

The complaining witness was Mrs. Isora Reacor, who claims to have married Sanders two and one-half years ago in New Albany. Supposing him dead, she applied for a pension and was granted it. Her husband, she said, was killed in the Spanish war, and she was married in Dayton, O., four months ago, with whom he is said to be still living.

Sanders says he is 75 years old, although he appears younger, and claims in excusing his conduct that he supposed his first wife dead before marrying again. He says he is in receipt of a pension of \$20 a month.

Mrs. Tappin Dead.

Mrs. William L. Tappin, mother of Mrs. William L. Jackson, whose husband was killed in a collision near Belmont, Ill., a few weeks ago, died last Saturday night at her home in Hinchey, Ind. Mrs. Tappin was 72 years of age and was suffering from heart trouble and her condition was so serious that the announcement of her death occasioned little surprise to those who knew her in New Albany.

Plaintiff's Property Held by Turner.

The additional charge of house breaking will be preferred against Robert Turner, of Louisville, who attempted to cut his throat at the central police station in New Albany after being arrested on a charge of robbing the house of Mrs. Mary Jacques north of that city upon his arraignment in the City Court.

Articles valued at \$50 were taken from the home of Mr. Hardesty, a neighbor of Mrs. Jacques. Mr. Hardesty called at the police station and identified a man in Turner's possession as a pair of shoes he was wearing as his property.

Concessions In Rates.

The Railroad Commission of Indiana has granted concessions asked for in the line of modifications, although a rehearing was denied in the petition of the Monon railroad that it be granted a rehearing following action brought by Capt. E. T. Slider of New Albany, on the recent ruling of rates. Instead of carrying 40,000 pounds the minimum before ordered, a car may now carry 50 per cent of the capacity marked on the cars. Instead of the 40,000-pound ruling in the hauling of gravel and the amount paid by Marshall and Martin was \$50 as an accomplice in the transaction.

ITEMS OF INTEREST FROM NEW ALBANY.

—If Cincinnati and return, Sunday, Sept. 5, R. & O. Southern, 7:15 a. m.

—Miss Roberta Hauger is here from St. Louis to visit Miss Ethel Robertson, East Main street.

—The Adoption decree will be conferred to-morrow night by Pawnee Tribe at 8 o'clock.